# Non-invasive follicular thyroid neoplasm with papillarylike nuclear features (NIFTP): Impact on patient Care

Moses W1, Angie L2, Nithya Kandasamy3, Thiagaraj V4, Siti Fitri5 Department of General Surgery Hospital Keningau, Sabah, Department of Radiology Hospital Keningau



## Introduction:

Non-invasive follicular thyroid neoplasm with papillary like nuclear features (**NIFTP**) is a new name for a very low risk thyroid tumour previously known as an Encapsulated Noninvasive Follicular Variant Papillary Thyroid Carcinoma. NIFTP considered to have low risk of adverse outcome such as recurrence and metastases.

### **Case Description:**

72 years old gentleman presented with a neck swelling since 2019. He was on our USG surveillance ever since. From year 2019 untill 2022, 3 FNAC had been performed for him in which 2 out of 3 was USG guided FNAC. All the result came out as unsatisfactory. In October 2022 his USG Neck reported as bilateral thyroid nodule in which Right side was categorized as TIRADS 5 and Left side was TIRADS 3 (previously TIRADS 3 for right thyroid nodule). CECT neck shows there is a Right thyroid mass at superior pole with no retrosternal extension. Right Hemi-thyroidectomy was performed and HPE (Fig:1) proved to be **NIFTP**. Patient is on USG surveillance as for now.

### HIGH SUSPICIOUS ASPECTS

- Taller-than-wide shape
- Irregular or microlobulated margins
- Microcalcifications
- Marked hypoechogenicity

### ≥ 3 signs and/or adenopathy **TIRADS 5**

1 or 2 signs and no adenopathy **TIRADS 4B** 

**TIRADS 4A** 

**TIRADS 3** 

**TIRADS 2** 

### **LOW SUSPICIOUS ASPECT**

- None of the high suspicious aspect
- Moderately hypoechogenic **PROBABLY BENIGN ASPECTS**

- None of the high suspicious aspect
- Isoechogenic
- Hyperechogenic

# **BENIGN ASPECTS**

- Simple cyst
- Spongiform nodule
- 'White knight' aspect
- Isolated macrocalcification
- Typical subaute thyroiditis

Normal thyroid US

**TIRADS 1** 

Fig: 1, Right Hemithyroidectomy Specimen



# **Conclusion:**

### **Discussion:**

- Noninvasive follicular thyroid neoplasm with papillarylike nuclear features (NIFTP) is an **encapsulated** or clearly delimited, non-invasive neoplasm with a follicular growth pattern and nuclear features of papillary thyroid carcinoma (PTC). It is considered a 'pre-malignant' lesion of the RAS-like group.
- NIFTP usually present as thyroid nodule. On imaging it usually presents as round - oval well circumscribed mass with solid component. It carries an excellent prognosis and indolent tumour behaviour. The treatment usually are lobectomy with no further ablation therapy. Since NIFTP is not 'malignant', tumor staging is not necessary.
- The common issue remains the difficult preoperative identification of NIFTP, whose early diagnosis would allow a tailored surgical and clinical treatment.
- The indolent clinical behavior of NIFTP should affect clinicians' choices in downscaling treatment approaches<sup>1</sup>.
- NIFTP are expected to have an excellent prognosis regardless of size<sup>2</sup>. It could be managed with thyroid lobectomy similarly to patients with benign thyroid neoplasms as already advocated by clinical guidelines<sup>3</sup>.